

Leading the way to the future of the Internet via IPv6

SuperHappyDevHouse 30 – 01/31/2009

Hue Ahmed - Tech Engineer / Developer

Email: hahmed@he.net

Company Snapshot

One of the largest and most reliable Internet Backbone, Colocation, and hosting companies in the world. And the #1 provider of IPv6 connectivity.

- 1. Colocation
- 2. Dedicated Servers
- 3. Web Hosting
- 4. IP Transit

Web Hosting



Speed with Reliability

Hurricane Electric is the Most Reliable Hosting Company in August 2008

Ranking by Failed Requests and Connection time, August 1st - 31st 2008

Rank	Company site	os	Outage hh:mm:ss	Failed Req%	DNS	Connect	First byte	Total
1	www.he.net	Linux	0:00:00	0.00	0.001	0.053	0.111	0.164
2	DataPipe	unknown	0:00:00	0.01	0.002	0.014	0.029	0.045
3	www.godaddy.com	Windows Server 2003	0:00:00	0.01	0.054	0.041	0.264	0.264
4	INetU	unknown	0:00:00	0.01	0.038	0.044	0.237	0.383
5	New York Internet	FreeBSD	0:00:00	0.01	0.002	0.047	0.096	0.245
6	www.swishmail.com	unknown	0:00:00	0.01	0.001	0.061	0.123	0.340
7	www.web.com	Windows 2000	0:00:00	0.01	0.110	0.074	0.185	0.621
8	Hosting4 Less	Linux	0:00:00	0.01	0.067	0.080	0.164	0.365
9	www.datasync.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.02	0.001	0.050	0.116	0.167
10	Verio	Linux	0:00:00	0.02	0.067	0.076	0.152	0.152

Current IPv4

Core Problem:

The eventual exhaustion of the IPv4 address space

The current version of IP, IP version 4 (IPv4), defines a 32-bit address which means that there are only 2^32 (4,294,967,296) IPv4 addresses available.

Although this seems like a large number of addresses, the finite number of IP addresses is already reaching its limit and will be exhausted by the year 2011.

Current IPv4

As a result, public IPv4 addresses have become relatively scarce, forcing many users and some organizations to use a NAT to map a single public IPv4 address to multiple private IPv4 addresses.

Although NATs promote reuse of the private address space, they violate the fundamental design principle of the original Internet that all nodes have a unique, globally reachable address, preventing true end-to-end connectivity for all types of networking applications.

Additionally, the rising prominence of Internet-connected devices and appliances ensures that the public IPv4 address space will eventually be depleted.







To address these and other concerns, the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) has developed a suite of protocols and standards known as IP version 6 (IPv6).

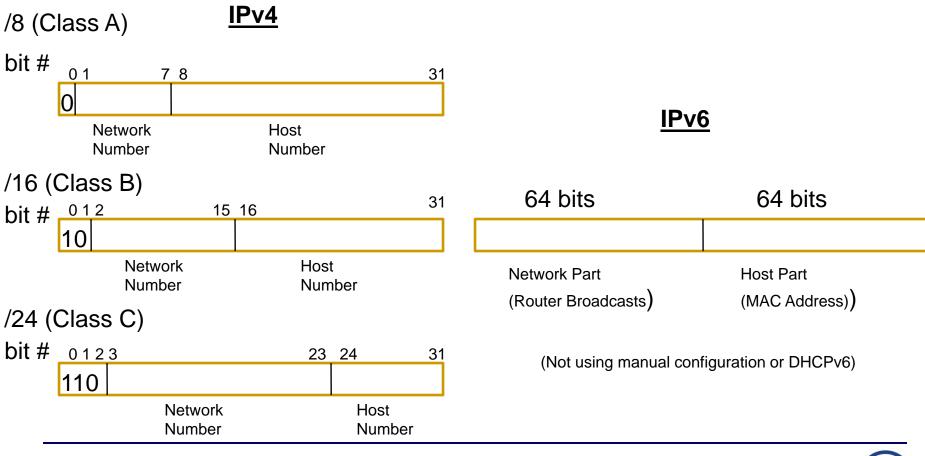
IPv6 has a number of improvements and simplifications when compared to IPv4. The primary difference is that IPv6 uses 128 bit addresses as compared to the 32 bit addresses used with IPv4.

This means that there are more available IP addresses using IPv6 than are available with IPv4 alone.

IPv4: 4,294,967,296 IP addresses.

IPv6: 18,446,744,073,709,551,616 IP addresses in a single /64 allocation.





A significant difference in IPv6:

IPv4: 4 blocks of 8 bits separated by a '.' (Ex: 216.218.186.2)

IPv6: 8 blocks of 16 bits separated by a ':' (Ex: 2001:470:0:76::2)

or

(2001:0470:0000:0076:0000:0000:0000:0002)

(Notice that leading zeros are removed and that '::' can be used only once to represent consecutive zero's)



IPv6 availability depends on your Service Provider, either at home or for work. In a dual-stack environment, IPv4 and IPv6 co-exist along the same connection and don't require any special kind of connection. If dual-stack is not available, you might find yourself using an IP tunneling product or service to bring IPv6 connectivity to you.

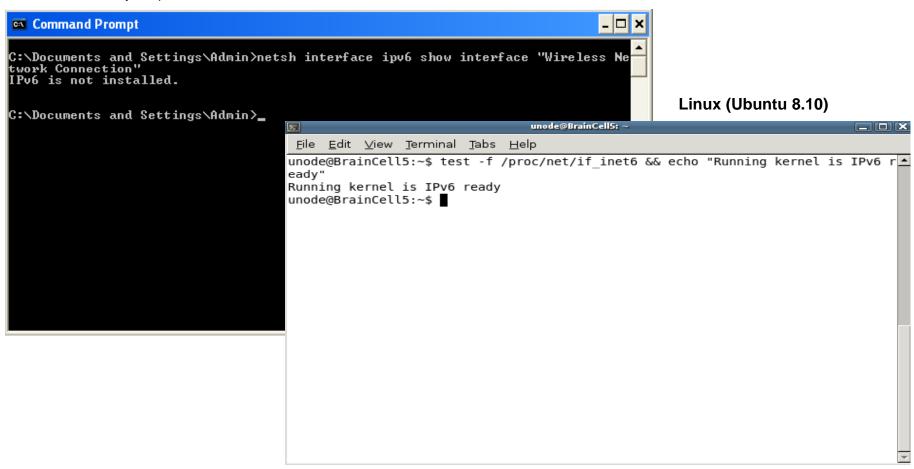
Many Operating System platforms have native IPv6 support:

- Linux, BSD (Free, Open, Net) & MacOSX have had IPv6 support enabled for years
- Windows 2000/2003/XP had to have it installed optionally
- Vista and Windows 2008 have native IPv6 support enabled by default



Checking for IPv6 support

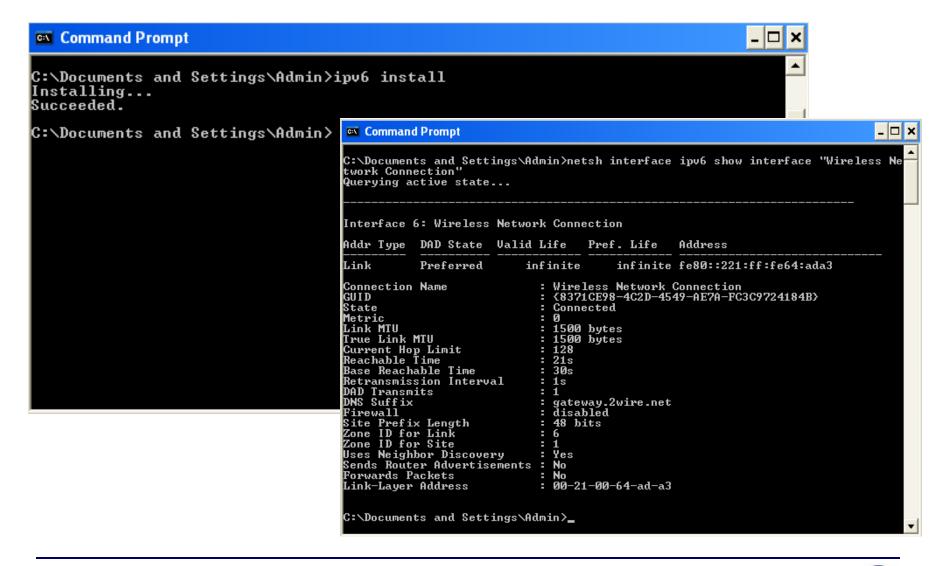
Windows XP (SP3)



(Must use Windows XP SP3 for most recent IPv6 tools such as 'netsh')



Installing IPv6 (Windows XP Example)



- Prove that you have basic IPv6 knowledge
- Prove that you have IPv6 connectivity and a IPv6 web server
- Prove that you have a working IPv6 email address
- Prove that you have working reverse IPv6 DNS
- Prove that you have name servers with IPv6
 addresses that can respond to queries via IPv6

http://ipv6.he.net/certification/

Newbie

Enthusiast

Administrator

Professional

Guru







Enthusiast

Congratulations you NeWb! Lets get you on to being an Enthusiast as quick as possible. Lets certify that you have the basics of IPv6 setup. To complete this test you will need:

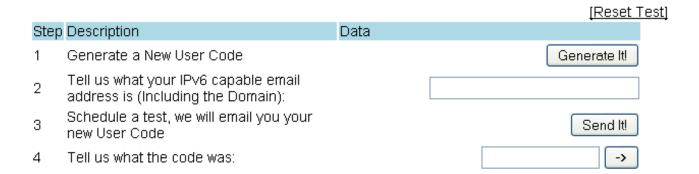
- An IPv6 capable desktop
- An IPv6 capable website/webserver
- . The Domain you provide below will be used in future DNS tests.



	[Reset Test]
Help Step Description	Data
[1] Generate a User Code	sn2bgcwgxf
[2] Tell us what your IPv6 website is, FQDN please	http://hahmed.corp.he.net
[3] We will test grabbing the file:	http://hahmed.corp.he.net/sn2bgcwgxf.txt
[4] Schedule the test:	Test It!

Congratulations, your an IPv6 Enthusiast! As we all know the next step after geting your website online is to make it so you can recieve email via IPv6. What you will need is:

- . An IPv6 enabled mail system
- If you have "Greylisting" enabled: either whitelist ipv6@he.net or you will have to send, wait
 for your greylist timer to expire and then reset and send again. We are working on a better
 solution to this issue.





Professional

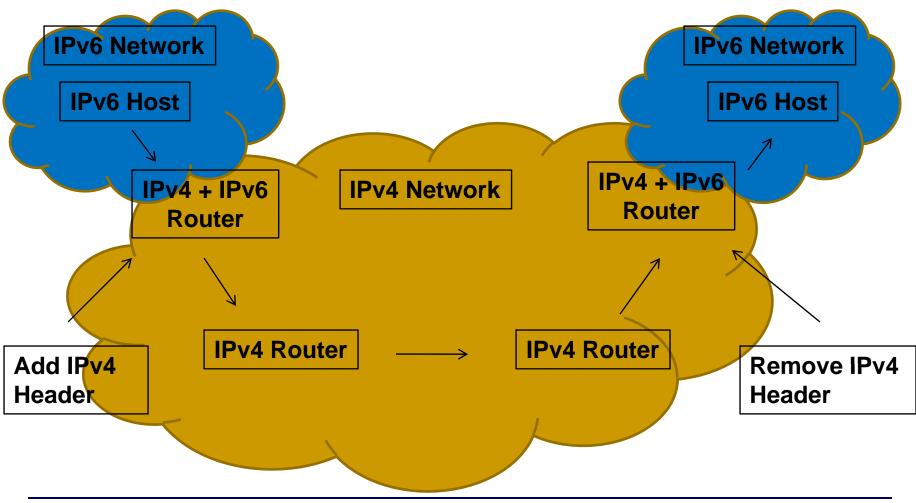
Congratulations, your an IPv6 Administrator! As we all know the next step after geting your IPv6 Email working is to setup Reverse DNS for the mail servers IP. What you will need is:

An IPv6 enabled mail system, with working RDNS.

Step Description Data Check if your mail server has working rdns Data



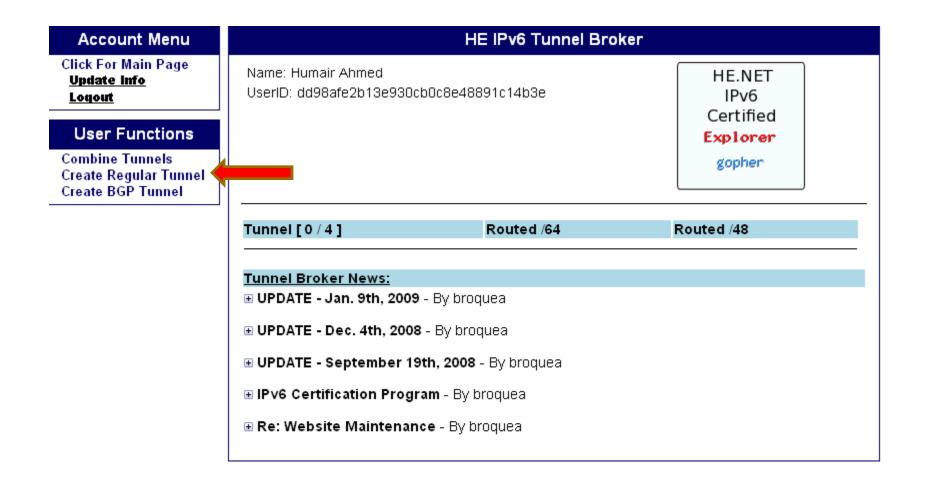
TunnelBroker – Tunneling of IPv6 packets through an IPv4 Network

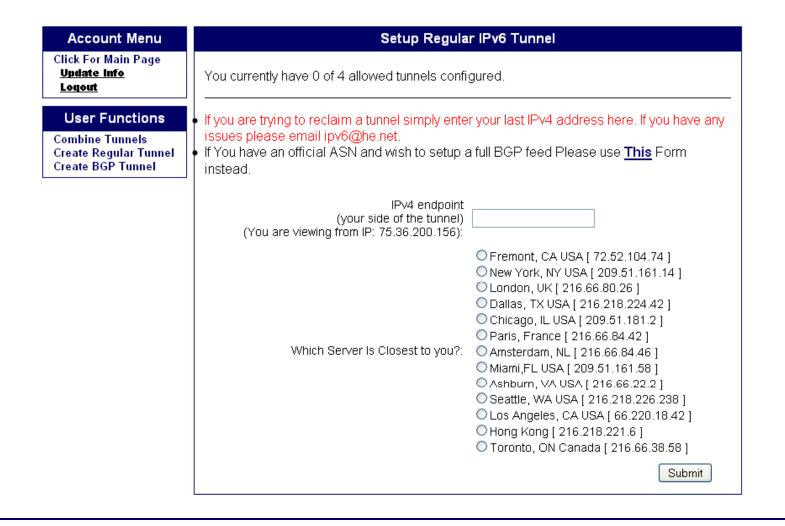


Hurricane Electric's free tunnel broker service enables you to reach the IPv6 Internet by tunneling over existing IPv4 connections from your IPv6 enabled host or router to one of Hurricane Electric's IPv6 routers.

http://tunnelbroker.net

Tunnelbroker Login	Hurricane Electric Free IPv6 Tunnel Broker
Username:	
	IP∨6 Tunnel Broker
Password:	
	Check out our new <u>usage stats</u> !
Login Register	And then hit up our new <u>Forums</u> !





Account Menu

Click For Main Page
<u>Update Info</u>
Logout

User Functions

Combine Tunnels Create Regular Tunnel Create BGP Tunnel

Setup Regular IPv6 Tunnel

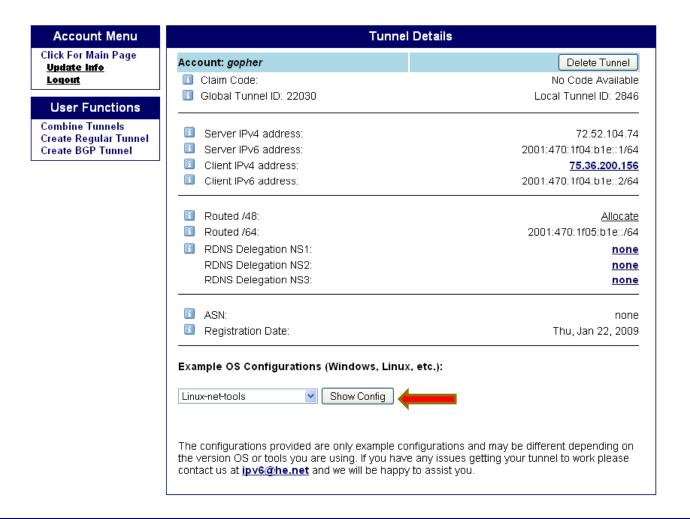
CREATE

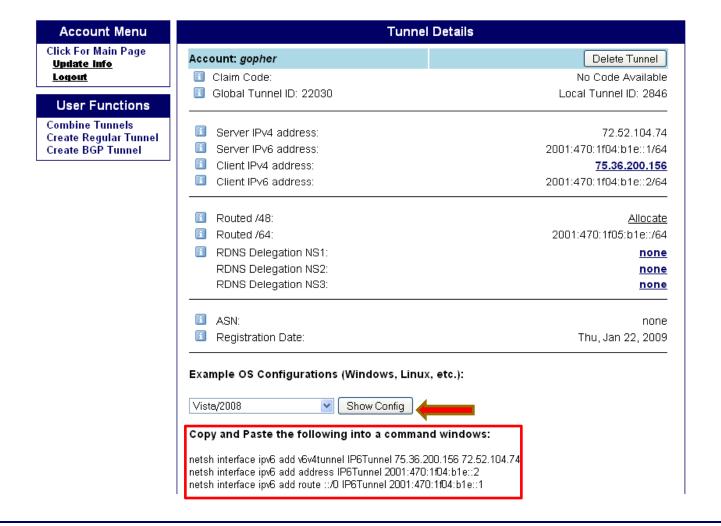
2846|72.52.104.74|75.36.200.156|2001:470:1f04:b1e::1|2001:470:1f04:b1e::2|2001:470:1f05:b1e::|

O.K.: Your tunnel has been allocated

Your tunnel has been allocated and created. The endpoints and tunnel server information can be found under <u>Tunnel Details</u>. This page will also have examples to help you get the tunnel up and running on your system.



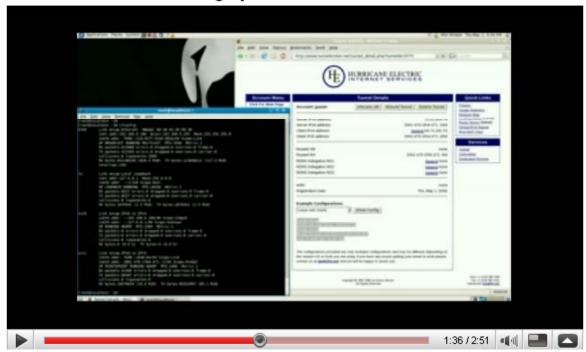




Alex Broque – Hurricane Electric Network Engineer and co-developer of the Tunnelbroker provides a tutorial via YouTube video. (TunnelBroker software has since been updated)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4o7sk97mltM

Tunnelbroker.net - Setting up an IPv6 tunnel



Q&A



Contact:

Hue Ahmed Tech Engineer / Developer Hurricane Electric 760 Mission Court Fremont, CA 94539, USA

http://he.net/ hahmed@he.net Copy of slides available at:

http://superhappydevhouse.org/f/SHDH30_Hurric ane_Electric_IPv6_Presentation_(Full).pdf

For all questions regarding IPv6 Certification or the HE TunnelBroker contact IPv6@he.net